

BUILDING VOCABULARY European Renaissance and Reformation

A. Multiple Choice	Circle the letter before the term or name that best completes
the sentence	

- 1. An ideal society as depicted by Thomas More is called a (a) perspective (b) utopia (c) theocracy.
- 2. Members of a religious order for the followers of Ignatius of Loyola were called (a) Jesuits (b) Anabaptists (c) Calvinists.
- 3. The intellectual movement that focused on human potential and achievement was called (a) humanism (b) predestination (c) indulgence.
- 4. The period from about 1300 to 1600 during which Europe experienced an explosion of creativity in art, writing, and thought is called the (a) Reformation (b) Renaissance (c) Catholic Reformation.
- 5. Followers of the Scottish preacher John Knox became known as (a) Anabaptists (b) Protestants (c) Presbyterians.
- 6. The state church started by Elizabeth I in England is known as the (a) Calvinist Church (b) Protestant Church (c) Anglican Church.

B. Completion Select the term or name that best completes the sentence

	erspective ernacular	secular predestination		illiam Shakespeare hann Gutenberg	Council of Trent Catholic Reformation			
1.	Instead of writing or the	0	issance write	might use his or her n	native language,			
2.	The most famous writer of the Elizabethan Age, regarded by many as the greatest playwright of all time, was							
3.	Renaissance society was in spirit, meaning it was worldly rather than spiritual and concerned with the present.							
4.	. Using the technique of, Renaissance painters showed three dimensions on a flat surface.							
5.	The German craftsman developed a printing press that made it possible to produce books quickly and cheaply.							
6.	The was a meeting of Catholic bishops and cardinals that agreed on doctrines reforming the Catholic Church.							
	riting Write a sullowing terms.	ımmary of Martin	Luther's prot	est and its effects using	; the			
in	dulgence	Reformation	Lutheran	Protestant	Peace of Augsburg			

C.