

CHAPTER
6

BUILDING VOCABULARY *Enlightenment and Revolution*

A. Matching Match the description in the second column with the term or name in the first column. Write the appropriate letter next to the word.

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| ___ 1. Galileo Galilei | a. English philosopher who proposed that a government's power comes from the consent of the citizens and that citizens have the right to rebel against unjust rulers |
| ___ 2. Isaac Newton | b. Russian empress who was considered an enlightened despot |
| ___ 3. Enlightenment | c. Italian scientist who made astronomical observations that supported the theories of Copernicus |
| ___ 4. Catherine the Great | d. early proponent of women's rights |
| ___ 5. John Locke | e. English scientist who discovered the law of gravity |
| ___ 6. Montesquieu | f. French philosophe who promoted freedom of speech |
| ___ 7. Voltaire | g. French writer who proposed the ideas of separation of powers and checks and balances in government |
| ___ 8. Mary Wollstonecraft | h. intellectual movement that stressed reason and thought and the power of individuals to solve problems |

B. Completion Select the term or name that best completes the sentence.

salons	enlightened despot	social contract	Declaration of Independence
neoclassical	checks and balances	federal system	Bill of Rights

- Under the influence of the Enlightenment, the grand, ornate style in European art known as baroque gave way to a simple, elegant style that was based on classical Greek and Roman ideas and was called _____.
- A form of government in which power is divided between national and state governments is a _____.
- The document in which American colonists asserted their independence from Great Britain was the _____.
- The first ten amendments to the U.S. Constitution are known as the _____.
- In social gatherings called _____, wealthy hostesses of Paris helped spread the ideas of the Enlightenment to educated Europeans.
- Thomas Hobbes called the agreement by which people create a government the _____.

C. Writing Write a paragraph explaining the following terms and how they are related.

geocentric theory Scientific Revolution heliocentric theory scientific method